# Microeconomics 

Masters in Economics and Masters in Monetary and Financial Economics

> Midterm Test

Maximum duration: 1h30
$5^{\text {th }}$ of November of 2015

## Question 1

(4 marks) Show that if preferences $\gtrsim$ are represented by a utility function, then $\gtrsim$ satisfies completeness and reflexivity.

## Question 2

A consumer has preferences over goods 1 and 2 represented by the utility function:

$$
u\left(x_{1}, x_{2}\right)=\min \left\{2 x_{1}, x_{2}\right\}
$$

Let $p_{1}$ be the price of good 1 , let $p_{2}$ be the price of good 2 , and let income be equal to $y$.

1. (3 marks) Derive the Marshallian demands for goods 1 and 2.
2. (1.5 marks) Derive the indirect utility function.
3. (1 mark) Use the Slutsky equation to decompose the effect of an own-price change on the demand for good 1 into income and substitution effects.
4. (1.5 marks) Determine the expenditure function.
5. (2 marks) Show that the expenditure function is strictly increasing in $u$, increasing in prices, homogeneous of degree 1 in prices, and concave in prices.
6. (1 mark) Using Shephard's lemma, derive the compensated (or Hicksian) demand functions.

## Question 3

(2 marks) Explain the Weak Axiom of Revealed Preference.

## Question 4

Consider the quadratic $v N M$-utility function $u(w)=a+b w+c w^{2}$, where $w$ represents wealth.

1. (1 mark) What restrictions do the parameters $a, b$ and $c$ have to satisfy for this utility function to feature risk-aversion?
2. (1 mark) For what range of $w$ is the given function a reasonable utility function?
3. (2 marks) Compute the coefficient of absolute risk-aversion and show that this function cannot exhibit diminishing absolute risk aversion if the restrictions in 1. are satisfied.
