

Microeconomics

Masters in Economics and Masters in Monetary and Financial Economics

Midterm Test

Maximum duration: 1h30

 5^{th} of November of 2015

Question 1

(4 marks) Show that if preferences \geq are represented by a utility function, then \geq satisfies completeness and reflexivity.

Question 2

A consumer has preferences over goods 1 and 2 represented by the utility function:

 $u(x_1, x_2) = min\{2x_1, x_2\}.$

Let p_1 be the price of good 1, let p_2 be the price of good 2, and let income be equal to y.

- 1. (3 marks) Derive the Marshallian demands for goods 1 and 2.
- 2. (1.5 marks) Derive the indirect utility function.
- 3. (1 mark) Use the Slutsky equation to decompose the effect of an own-price change on the demand for good 1 into income and substitution effects.
- 4. (1.5 marks) Determine the expenditure function.
- 5. (2 marks) Show that the expenditure function is strictly increasing in *u*, increasing in prices, homogeneous of degree 1 in prices, and concave in prices.
- 6. (1 mark) Using Shephard's lemma, derive the compensated (or Hicksian) demand functions.

Question 3

(2 marks) Explain the Weak Axiom of Revealed Preference.

Question 4

Consider the quadratic vNM-utility function $u(w) = a + bw + cw^2$, where w represents wealth.

- 1. (1 mark) What restrictions do the parameters a, b and c have to satisfy for this utility function to feature risk-aversion?
- 2. (1 mark) For what range of w is the given function a reasonable utility function?
- 3. (2 marks) Compute the coefficient of absolute risk-aversion and show that this function cannot exhibit diminishing absolute risk aversion if the restrictions in 1. are satisfied.